

**Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

According to Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), a safety data sheet (SDS) must be provided for dangerous substances or mixtures. This product does not meet the classification criteria of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP). Therefore, this document is outside the scope of Article 31 of REACH and the requirements regarding the content of each section are not applicable.

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: ESMALTE ESPECIAL PAREDES Y TECHOS RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST: 1.2 Intended uses (main technical functions): [] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers Liquid paint. Sectors of use: Consumer uses (SU21). Uses advised against: None. As there is not classified as dangerous, this product can be used in ways other than the identified uses, but all uses have to be consistent with the safety guidelines provided. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006: Not restricted. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET: 1.3 PINTURAS IRIS COLOR, S.L. Avda. III Naves 14-15 - Polígono Industrial El Salvador - 02630 LA RODA (Albacete) ESPAÑA Phone number: (+34) 967 114272 - Fax: (+34) 967 440678 - www.pinturasiriscolor.es - E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: pinturasiriscolor@pinturasiriscolor.com 1.4 **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:**

#### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

(+34) 967 114272 9:00-14:00 / 16:00-19:00 h

This product is not classified as dangerous, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP).

Note: This product does not require a Safety Data Sheet according to the Regulation (EC) no. 2020/878. When used as recommended or under ordinary conditions, it should not present a physicochemical, health safety or environmental hazard. However, an MSDS can be provided as a courtesy in response to a customer request.

## 2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:

This product does not require pictograms, in accordance with Regulation (EU) No.  $1272/2008 \sim 2021/849$  (CLP).

- Hazard statements:

None.

- Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

- Supplementary statements:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7]

and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

- Substances that contribute to classification:

None in a percentage equal to or higher than the limit for the name.

### 2.3 OTHER HAZARDS:

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards:

No other relevant adverse effects are known.

Other adverse human health effects:

Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.

- Other negative environmental effects:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

**Endocrine disrupting properties:** 

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.



Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 <u>SUBSTANCES:</u>

Not applicable (mixture).

#### 3.2 MIXTURES:

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Mixture of pigments, extenders, resins and additives in aqueous media.

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

C < 0,01 %

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5, EC: 220-120-9

CLP: Danger: Acute Tox. (oral) 4:H302 (ATE=567 mg/kg) | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 |

Eye Dam. 1:H318 | Skin Sens. 1:H317 | Aquatic Acute 1:H400

C < 0,0015 %

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7]

, and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9. EC: 611-341-5

CLP: Danger: Acute Tox. (inh.) 2:H330 (ATE=50 mg/m3) | Acute Tox. (skin) 2:H310 (ATE=140 mg/kg) | Acute Tox. (oral) 3:H301 (ATE=74 mg/kg) | Skin Corr. 1C:H314 | Eye Dam. 1:H318 | Aquatic Acute 1:H400 (M=100) | Aquatic Chronic 1:H410 (M=100) | EUH071 | Skin Sens. 1A:H317 (Note B)

0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥0,6 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Skin Sens. 1A, H317: C ≥0,0015 %

Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥0,05 %

Skin Corr. 1C, H314:

Skin Irrit. 2, H315:

CLP00

ATP13

## Impurities:

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

### Stabilizers:

None.

#### Reference to other sections:

For more information, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 17/01/2023.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	It is not expected that symptoms will occur under normal conditions of use.	Should there be any symptoms, transfer the person affected to the open air.
Skin:	Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove contaminated clothing.Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses.Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart.If irritation persists, consult a physician.
Ingestion:	lf swallowed in high doses, may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.	Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of aspiration.Keep the patient at rest.
MOST IMPORTANT S	SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DE	FLAYED:

#### 4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1

#### 4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

### Notes to physician:

Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient...

Antidotes and contraindications:

Specific antidote not known.



Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:)

Extinguishing powder or CO2.

#### 5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, halogenated compounds, hydrochloric acid. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

### 5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

#### Special protective equipment:

Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### Other recommendations:

Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.

## 6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## 6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Keep the remains in a closed container.

#### 6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

## - General recommendations:

Use in areas free from sources of ignition and away from heat or electrical sources. Do not smoke. Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

## - Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used.

Not applicable (do not sustain combustion).

Flashpoint 98\* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3.

Autoignition temperature:

- Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

- Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

## 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10.

## - Class of store:

According to current legislation.

- Maximum storage period:

24 Months.

#### - Temperature interval:

min:5 °C, max:40 °C (recommended).

Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

#### Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

Limit quantity (Seveso III): Directive 2012/18/EU:

Not applicable (product for non industrial use).

## 7.3 SPECIFIC END USE(S):

For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.



**Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

#### - OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (WEL)

EH40/2005 WELs (United	Year	WEL-TWA		WEL-STEL		Remarks
Kingdom) 2018		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide (as a powder	1996	-	3	-	-	Breathable dust
containing 1% or more of particles with						
an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)						
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	0,1	-	-	Recommended
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H	-	-	0,08	-	0,23	Recommended
-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and						
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-						
239-6] (3:1)						

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit, TWA - Time Weighted Average (8 hours), STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min).

### - BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Not established

#### - DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d		DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2		DNEL Eyes mg/cm2	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	- (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, GENERAL POPULATION:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d		DNEL Eyes mg/kg bw/d	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r <b>(c)</b>
- LOCAL EFFECTS, ACUTE AND CHRONIC:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2		DNEL Eyes mg/cm2	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r <b>(a)</b>	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	- (c)
(a) - Acute, short-term exposure, (c) - Chronic, lo	na-term or repea	ated expos	sure.			

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):



**Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Fresh water	PNEC Marine	PNEC Intermittent
AQUATIC ORGANISMS:- Fresh water, marine	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
water and intermittent release:			
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-	-	-	-
isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-			
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6]			
(3:1)			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1%	s/r	s/r	s/r
or more of particles with an aerodynamic			
diameter ≤ 10 μm)			
- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS (STP)	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
AND SEDIMENTS IN FRESH- AND MARINE	mg/l	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
WATER:			
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-	-	-	-
isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-			
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6]			
(3:1)			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1%	s/r	s/r	s/r
or more of particles with an aerodynamic			
diameter ≤ 10 μm)			
- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION,	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
TERRESTRIAL ORGANISMS:- Air, soil and	mg/m3	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
effects for predators and humans:			
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-	-	-	-
isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-			
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6]			
(3:1)			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1%	s/r	s/r	n/b
or more of particles with an aerodynamic			
diameter ≤ 10 μm)			
/ \ DNICC not available (without date of registret	: DEAOUI	•	'

- (-) PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).
- n/b PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).
- s/r PNEC not derived (not identified hazard).

## 8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

**ENGINEERING MEASURES:** 







Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### - Protection of respiratory system:

Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

## - Protection of eyes and face:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

## - Protection of hands and skin:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin.Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: REGULATION (EU) NO. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask:	No.
Safety goggles:	Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166).Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.



Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

Gloves:	# Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	No.

#### - Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

### - Spills on the soil:

Prevent contamination of soil.

#### - Spills in water:

Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

#### -Water Management Act:

This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

#### - Emissions to the atmosphere:

Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

## VOC (product ready for use\*):

It is applicable the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents: PAINTS AND VARNISHES (defined in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory a) Matt coating for interior walls and ceilings, water-borne. VOC (product ready for use\*): (ESMALTE ESPECIAL PAREDES Y TECHOS Cod. 00309 = 100 in volume): 15,9 g/l\* (VOC max.30 g/l\* starting from 01.01.2010)

## VOC (industrial installations):

If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/CE (DL.127/2013, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 2,14 % Weight, VOC (supply): 1,11 % Weight, VOC: 0,53 % C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 82,92 , Number C atoms (average): 3,32



Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

**Appearance** 

Physical state: Liquid Colour: White

Odour: Characteristic

Not available (mixture). Odour threshold:

Change of state

Melting point: Not available (mixture).

Boiling interval: 100\* - 187,9\* °C at 760 mmHg

- Flammability:

Flashpoint 98\* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3.

Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: Not available

Autoignition temperature: Not applicable (do not sustain combustion).

Stability

Decomposition temperature: Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the

data).

pH-value

pH: 8,5 ± 1 at 20°C

Viscosity:

Dynamic viscosity: 7000 ± 1000 cps at 20°C Kinematic viscosity: 1677,69\* mm2/s at 40°C

Solubility(ies):

Solubility in water Miscible

Liposolubility: Not applicable (inorganic product).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable (mixture).

Volatility:

17,432\* mmHg at 20°C Vapour pressure: Vapour pressure: 12,0422\* kPa at 50°C Evaporation rate: Not available (lack of data).

Density

Relative density: 1,430 ± 0,05 at 20/4°C Relative water

Relative vapour density: Not available. Particle characteristics

Particle size: Not applicable.

Explosive properties:

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Oxidizing properties:

Not classified as oxidizing product.

\*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

#### OTHER INFORMATION: 9.2

Information regarding physical hazard classes

No additional information available.

Other security features:

VOC (supply): 1,1 % Weight VOC (supply): 15,9 g/l

Nonvolatile: 58,00 ± 2 % Weight 1h. 60°C

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.



**Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY:
- Corrosivity to metals:

It is not corrosive to metals.

Pyrophorical properties:

It is not pyrophoric.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

- Heat:

10.3

Keep away from sources of heat.

<u>- Light:</u>

If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.

Air:

The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.

Pressure:

Not relevant.

- Shock:

The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP).

## 11.1 INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008:

## **ACUTE TOXICITY:**

MOOTE TOMOTTE			
Dose and lethal concentrations	DL50 (OECD401)	DL50 (OECD402)	CL50 (OECD403)
for individual ingredients:	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous	mg/m3·4h Inhalation
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	74,9 Rat	140 Rat	> 1230 Rat
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	1020 Rat	> 2000 Rat	> 2050 Rat
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	7500 Rat	> 2000 Rabbit	> 6820 Rat
Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE)	ATE	ATE	ATE
for individual ingredients:	mg/kg bw Oral	mg/kg bw Cutaneous	mg/m3·4h Inhalation
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	74,9	140	*> 50
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	*567	-	-

- (\*) Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.
- (-) The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.

## - No observed adverse effect level

Not available

#### - Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: ACUTE TOXICITY:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3		Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.



**Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

Skin: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	
Eyes: Not classified	Not available.	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION :

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
<ul> <li>Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified</li> </ul>		-	irritant by inhalation (based on available data,	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified		-	· ·	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
- Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified				GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
- Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	1 3 7	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
- Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

## ASPIRATION HAZARD:

	Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
l	- Aspiration hazard:	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by	GHS/CLP
	Not classified			,	3.10.3.3.
l				classification criteria are not met).	

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

#### SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Not classified as a dangerous product for target organs.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

## **CMR EFFECTS:**

#### Carcinogenic effects:

It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

## Genotoxicity:

It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

## - Toxicity for reproduction:

Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

#### - Effects via lactation:

Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

# DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE: Routes of exposure

May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

## - Short-term exposure:

# Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.



Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023 Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023

## - Long-term or repeated exposure:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

### **INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:**

Not available.

#### INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

#### - Dermal absorption:

Not available.

Basic toxicokinetics:

Not available.

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:**

Not available.

#### **INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS:** 11.2

### **Endocrine disrupting properties:**

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

Other information:

No additional information available.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### TOXICITY: 12.1

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP).

- Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients	CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l·96hours	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l·48hours	CE50 (OECD 201) mg/l·72hours
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	0.19 - Fishes	0.16 - Daphniae	0.037 - Algae
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	1.2 - Fishes	0.85 - Daphniae	0.37 - Algae
Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm)	100 - Fishes	100 - Daphniae	100 - Algae

- No observed effect concentration	NOEC (OECD 210)	NOEC (OECD 211)	NOEC (OECD 201)
	mg/l · 28 days	mg/l · 21 days	mg/l · 72 hours
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	0.02 - Fishes	0.011 - Daphniae	0.004 - Algae

## - Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

## ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:

Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
- Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified			GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
- Chronic aquatic toxicity:		Not classified as a dangerous product with chronic toxicity to aquatic life with long lasting effects (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3; Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components,

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

#### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: 12.2

## - Biodegradability:

Not available

Not available.			
Aerobic biodegradation	COD	%DBO/DQO	Biodegradabilidad
for individual ingredients	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-		55	Not easy
isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-			
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6]			
[(3:1)			



**ESMALTE ESPECIAL PAREDES Y TECHOS** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Not easy Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources. - Hydrolysis: Not available. - Photodegradability: Not available. **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** 12.3 Not available. logPow Bioaccumulation **BCF** Potential L/kg for individual ingredients Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-0.75 3.2 (calculated) Unlikely, low isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 0.64 3.2 (calculated) Unlikely, low Titanium dioxide (as a powder containing 1% Not available or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) MOBILITY IN SOIL: 12.4 Not available Mobility log Poc Constant of Henry Potential Pa·m3/mol 20°C for individual ingredients Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-0,45 Unlikely, low isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 1.05 Unlikely, low RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: (Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:) 12.5 Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. 12.6 ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: 12.7 Ozone depletion potential: Not available. - Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available. - Earth global warming potential:

Not available.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers:Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Authorised landfill in accordance with local regulations.



See section 7.2

15.2

Other local legislations:

CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

**ESMALTE ESPECIAL PAREDES Y TECHOS** Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023 SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION **UN NUMBER OR ID NUMBER:** Not applicable **UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** 14.2 Not applicable TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES): 14.3 Transport by road (ADR 2023) and Transport by rail (RID 2023): No reglamented Transport by sea (IMDG 40-20): No reglamented Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2021): No reglamented Transport by inland waterways (ADN): No reglamented **PACKING GROUP:** 14.4 No reglamented **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** 14.5 Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment). SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: 14.6 Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation. MARITIME TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO IMO INSTRUMENTS: 14.7 Not applicable. SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE 15.1 The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2 Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met). Child safety protection: Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met). VOC information on the label: Contains VOC max. 15,9 g/l\* for the product ready for use - The limit value 2004/42/EC-IIA cat. a) Matt coating for interior walls and ceilings, water-borne. is VOC max. 30 g/l (2010) **OTHER REGULATIONS:** Not available. Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III):

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.



Version: 7 Revision: 07/06/2023 Previous revision: 25/04/2023 Date of printing: 07/06/2023

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### 16.1 TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

## Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2021/849 (CLP), Annex III:

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. H351i Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

## Notes related to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances or mixtures:

Note B: Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: 'nitric acid ... %'. In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.

## **EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES:**

See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

### ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

### MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- · Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2021).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2023).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 40-20 (IMO, 2020).

#### ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- $\cdot$  CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- $\cdot \ \mathsf{UVCB:} \ \mathsf{Substances} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{Unknown} \ \mathsf{or} \ \mathsf{Variable} \ \mathsf{composition}, \ \mathsf{complex} \ \mathsf{reaction} \ \mathsf{products} \ \mathsf{or} \ \mathsf{biological} \ \mathsf{materials}.$
- · SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- · VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- · PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- · UN: United Nations Organisation.
- · ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- · RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- · IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878.

 HISTORIC:
 REVISION:

 Version: 5
 21/09/2022

 Version: 6
 25/04/2023

 Version: 7
 07/06/2023

## Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by #.

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users" working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product"s properties.